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G

1. "Revolving" Scale ♩ = 60-180+

Note: Play this exercise both *legato* and *staccato*, in different octaves, if possible. Also note how this exercise teaches the modes as it "revolves" through scales starting on each note of the major scale.

(Ionian/Major) (Dorian)

(Phrygian) (Lydian)

(Mixolydian) (Aeolian/Natural Minor)

(Locrian) (Ionian/Major)

2. Repetitive Major and Relative Minor Scales, Arpeggios, and Thirds ♩ = 100-180+

Major

Natural Minor

Harmonic Minor

Melodic Minor

3. "Full-Range" Major and Parallel Minor Scales ♩ = 60-80

Note: Play this exercise slowly and *tenuto*. The objective here is developing consistency of sound throughout the range of the instrument, not speed.

Major

Natural Minor

Harmonic Minor

Melodic Minor

4. "Odd" Scales ♩ = 60-120

Note: These scales occur much more rarely than do major and minor scales, but are nevertheless common enough that they should be practiced regularly. Playing these only one octave during a single practice session saves time; create variety and increase facility by playing these in higher or lower octaves than written on different days.

Dorian Mixolydian

Major Bebop Dominant Bebop

Minor Bebop Blues

Pentatonic Minor Pentatonic "Inverted" Pentatonic Whole-Tone

"Whole-Half" Octatonic/Diminished "Half-Whole" Octatonic/Diminished

